OTL Resin Formers

Drains for Resin Floors

	Page
Cleaning and Maintenance for Resin Floors	2/3/4
Cleaning and Maintenance for Resin Floor Gullies	4
Installation Instructions for Resin Floors	5
OTL ST90-HPB Gully	6
OTL ST90-VB Gully	7
OTL Square Drain Assembly for Resin Floors	8
OTL CD-ST90-52 Gully	9
OTL STW4R-V Gully	10
Height adjustment for OTL Resin Channel	11
OTL Resin Floor Components	12





On The Level
Unit 7/8/9
Youngs Industrial Estate
Stanbridge Road
Leighton Buzzard
Bedfordshire
LU 7 4/0B
TEL: 01525 373202
FAX: 01525 373222

Clier

Job Title

Drawing Title

Date

Not to Scale

the future is safer with altro

Altro Resins™ Protection, Maintenance and Cleaning

BARUMRY 201

Smooth Surface

(AltroFlow EP, where a gloss finish is to be retained)

Note; A smooth, gloss floor surface offers limited slip resistance. Entrances should be fitted with matting to remove moisture to aid safety and to remove dust/debris to protect the gloss finish. In common with other high-gloss finishes, a resin floor finish may scratch and can require additional polish or surface dressings for ongoing protection, subject to customer requirements and environment.

Following installation

By the use of three coats of metallised maintenance coating, such as AltroGloss 211 the high gloss finish can be maintained. The installing resin contractor may offer this service.

Routine maintenance

Sweep or vacuum the floor to remove dust and debris.

If the floor is to be washed; dilute a neutral detergent, by 1:40 in clean water. Liberally apply the water and detergent solution to the floor, using a slow-speed (<400rpm) scrubbing machine and white soft-medium pad or a soft-bristle brush.

Allow the detergent solution to remain on the floor for several minutes, to break down deposits, but not sufficiently long to allow it to evaporate. (Exercise due caution on smooth surfaces when wet).

Remove the detergent solution by wet vacuum recovery and follow this with a fresh water rinse, also removed by vacuum.

It is important that all detergent residue is removed from the surface of the floor, because detergent can become slippery, which affects safety, or may remain sticky which attracts and holds more dirt.

If the acrylic emulsion surface dressing has been removed, re-instate this protective measure as above.

When the floor is not to be washed; regularly spray burnish with a cleaner-maintainer, such as Altro 48W, using a high speed buffing machine to maintain gloss and disguise microscratching. The acrylic emulsion polish should be removed at intervals which will become apparent and depend upon usage and maintenance. Use an alkaline detergent such as Altro 44 diluted by part in 20 with water, and lightly abrade the floor surface with black coloured stripping pads on a slow-speed <400rpm cleaning machine. Re-apply the acrylic-emulsion dressing and continue as above.

Textured Surface

(AltroGrip, AltroCast, Altro TB Screed, Altro TB + Cast, Altro Mosaic, Altro SoloSafe, Altro Multiscreed, Altroscreed Quartz)

The frequency and degree of cleaning required will be determined by several factors:

- the colour of the floor
- · the surface texture of the floor
- spillages or contamination within the area
- · the frequency and type of traffic crossing the floor
- the efficiency of entrance matting
- the nature of the adjacent surfaces (dirt carried onto the floor)

Typical cleaning instructions are detailed below

The resin flooring should be swept clear of debris, then thoroughly cleaned using Altro 44 detergent (or similar) diluted at between 1:20 and 1:40 with clean water and agitated with a hand-held deck scrubber or mechanical scrubbing machine (using brushes).

The detergent solution should remain on the floor for several minutes to allow it to break-down contamination, it should be agitated by scrubbing during this time, and then should be removed by wet-vacuum pick-up.

Immediately following the initial scrubbing, the floor should be rinsed and scrubbed with the fresh clean water (no detergent). When this has been completed the water should again be removed by wet-vacuum pick-up. Allow the floor to dry. Any residues of detergent not recovered will form a tacky surface layer which will attract and hold more dirt. In some circumstances the customer may decide to use a high solids acrylic-emulsion surface dressing as a barrier layer to ease cleaning. It should be noted that this will also reduce the surface texture and therefore the slip-resistance of the floor finish. In these cases, three coats of the acrylic emulsion dressing are often mop-applied before the final coat is buffed to a gloss finish.

When surface dressings are applied, the control of slip resistance rests with those who determine cleaning regime and choose the application of surface dressings. Effective entrance matting will usually reduce the need for cleaning.

Although resin flooring is very durable and resists many chemicals, some cleaning agents may shorten their service life. Given the relevant data sheets Altro will offer advice and guidance on the suitability of cleaning materials throughout the life of your flooring.

2-6mm Heavy Duty

(Food & Drink Production, Wash-down bays, Engineering etc)

Note; A textured floor surface may have been selected to offer safety in wet areas. The texture of a slip-resistant surface will require mechanised cleaning or the use of a long-handled scrubbing brush, mop cleaning will not be effective.

The frequency and degree of cleaning required will be determined by several factors:

- · the colour of the floor
- the surface texture of the floor
- · spillages or contamination within the area
- · the frequency and type of traffic crossing the floor
- the efficiency of entrance matting
- the nature of the adjacent surfaces (dirt carried onto the floor)

Sweep or vacuum the floor if required to remove debris.

Dilute an alkaline detergent such as Altro 44 or similar, by
1:40 in clean water (for normal cleaning) or by 1:20 for
infrequent heavy cleaning. If required, clean wall surfaces
and equipment before cleaning the floor.

Warm water will offer improved cleaning but the water temperature should not exceed 60°C.

Liberally apply the water and detergent solution to the floor, scrubbing with a stiff-bristle deck scrubber or slow-speed (<400rpm) scrubbing machine. Take care not to splash contaminated water onto adjacent clean surfaces.

Be sure to scrub all internal corners of the perimeter coves, around columns etc., where residues may accumulate.

If possible, allow the detergent solution to remain on the floor for several minutes, to break down deposits, but not sufficiently long to allow it to evaporate.

Remove the solution by wet vacuum recovery and follow this with a fresh water rinse, or rinse the solution into drains if permissible.

It is important that all detergent residue is removed from the textured surface of the floor, by thorough rinsing, because detergent can become slippery which affects safety, or sticky which attracts and holds more dirt. Note - Steam cleaners and/or hot pressure cleaners should not be used on the floor or walls without prior consultation. A cold/ambient pressure washer may be used if required, but the pressure should not exceed 1400psi. Pressure lances may move deposits from the floor to wall surfaces.

Although resin flooring is very durable and resists many chemicals, some cleaning agents may shorten their service life. Given the relevant data sheets Altro will offer advice and guidance on the suitability of cleaning materials throughout the life of your flooring.

8-9mm Heavy Duty

(Food & Drink Production, Wash-down bays, Engineering etc.)

Note; A textured floor surface may have been selected to offer safety in wet areas. The texture of a slip-resistant surface will require mechanised cleaning or the use of a long-handled scrubbing brush, mop cleaning will not be effective.

The frequency and degree of cleaning required will be determined by several factors:

- the colour of the floor
- the surface texture of the floor
- · spillages or contamination within the area
- · the frequency and type of traffic crossing the floor
- the efficiency of entrance matting
- the nature of the adjacent surfaces (dirt carried onto the floor)

Sweep or vacuum the floor if required to remove debris.

Dilute an alkaline detergent such as Altro 44 or similar, by 1:40 in clean water (for normal cleaning) or by 1:20 for infrequent heavy cleaning. If required, clean wall surfaces and equipment before cleaning the floor.

Liberally apply the water and detergent solution to the floor, scrubbing with a stiff-bristle deck scrubber or slow-speed (<400rpm) scrubbing machine. Take care not to splash contaminated water onto adjacent clean surfaces.

Be sure to scrub all internal corners of the perimeter coves, around columns etc., where residues may accumulate.

If possible, allow the detergent solution to remain on the floor for several minutes, to break down deposits, but not sufficiently long to allow it to evaporate.

Remove the solution by wet vacuum recovery and follow this with a fresh water rinse, or rinse the solution into drains if permissible.

It is important that all detergent residue is removed from the textured surface of the floor, by thorough rinsing, because detergent can become slippery which affects safety, or sticky which attracts and holds more dirt.

Note - Steam cleaners and/or hot pressure cleaning lances should not be left switched on when laid on the floor surface. A cold/ambient pressure washer may be used if required, but the pressure should not exceed 1400psi. Pressure lances may move deposits from the floor to wall surfaces.

Although resin flooring is very durable and resists many chemicals, some cleaning agents may shorten their service life. Given the relevant data sheets Altro will offer advice and guidance on the suitability of cleaning materials throughout the life of your flooring. NOTE: "Altro Ltd" ("Altro") endeavours to ensure that advice and information given in Product Data Sheets, Method Statements and Material Safety Data Sheets (all known as Product Literature) is accurate and correct. However, where Altro has no control over the selection of its products for particular applications, it is important that any prospective customer, user or specifier, satisfies him/herself that the product is suitable for the intended application. In this process, due regard should be taken of the nature and composition of the background/base and the ambient conditions both at the time of laying/applying/installing/curing of the material and when the completed work is to be brought into use.

However, as site conditions and the execution of the work are beyond our control, we accept no resultant liability.

Altro's policy is one of continuous research and development and we reserve the right to update our products and information at any time without prior notice.

Care and Maintenance for Gullies



Gullies for Tiled Floors

Maintenance Instructions.

Shower gullies should only be installed by a competent plumber and/or specialist flooring contractor.

- The integrity of the gully is dependent on a good seal between the underside of a waterproofing membrane and the gully body. If a silicone sealant is used, care should be taken to use only a neutral sealant. Acetoxy sealants MUST NOT be used as they may be detrimental to the plastic used in the manufacture of the gully.
- 2. All gullies have a flo w rate in excess of 40 litres per minute when tested in accordance with EN 1253 -2:1999, and are variable dependent on the gully tile or grating used. The flow rate can be seriously impaired if an adequate fall is not maintained throughout the length of the waste pipe.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

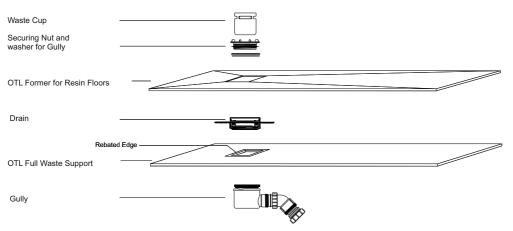
Regular maintenance and cleaning is required as follows:

Tiled floor gullies.

- 1. Remove the grid and set aside.
- 2. Remove the dip tube/sedi ment cup by pulling clear of the gully body.
- 3. Flush through the gully body with clean water and thoroughly clean all parts that have been removed.
- Check for any surface damage to component parts and that the rubber seal on the dip tube is in good condition and correctly positioned.
- 5. Lubricate all parts with a good quality silicone lubricant (sachet enclosed).
- 6. Re-assemble the gully by reversing the above instructions.
- Re-charge gully with clean water

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THIS PROCEDURE SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT AT LEAST EVERY 3 MONTHS. HOWEVER, MORE FREQUENT MAINTENANCE MAY BE REQUIRED DEPENDING ON USAGE.

Installation Instructions for OTL Resin Floor Formers





Wet Room Manufacturer

On The Level
Unit 7-9
Youngs Industrial Estate
Stanbridge Road
Leighton Buzzard
Bedfordshire
LU 7 4QB

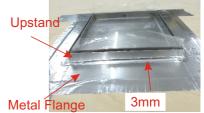
TEL: 01525 373202 FAX: 01525 373222

- 1. Position the Gully and connect to the waste pipe, ensure the pipe is adequately supported. Test for leaks.
- 2. Remove the securing nut from the gully.
- Ensure the surface of the Sub Floor is clean and dry and free from all debris.Secure the OTL Full Waste Support (with the rebated edge facing upwards) to the Sub Floor.
- 3. With the full waste support secured to the sub floor, place the drain in position and secure the gully to the drain using the nut and washer previously removed.
- 4. Secure the drain to the full waste support using a 20mm No 6 countersunk woodscrew.

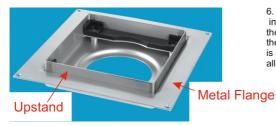
Installation Instructions for OTL Square Drain







5. Cut and place a piece of foil tape over the metal flange on the drain and return to the up stand so the tape covers the gap between the flange and the upstand. It is important that the tape does not rise more than 3mm on the upstand as the resin primer must adhere to the metal upstand and not the tape.



6. With the tape in position place the former over the drain so there is an equal gap all around the drain.





Secure the former to the full waste support as instruction No 11.

Installation
Instructions
for OTL
Slimline Channel



 Connect the gully and waste support as Instructions 1-4.
 Secure the channel in position



8.Place the former over the waste support.
Adjust the height of the upstand to suite the thickness of the resin.

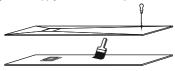


9. With the upstand adjusted and secured, remove the former





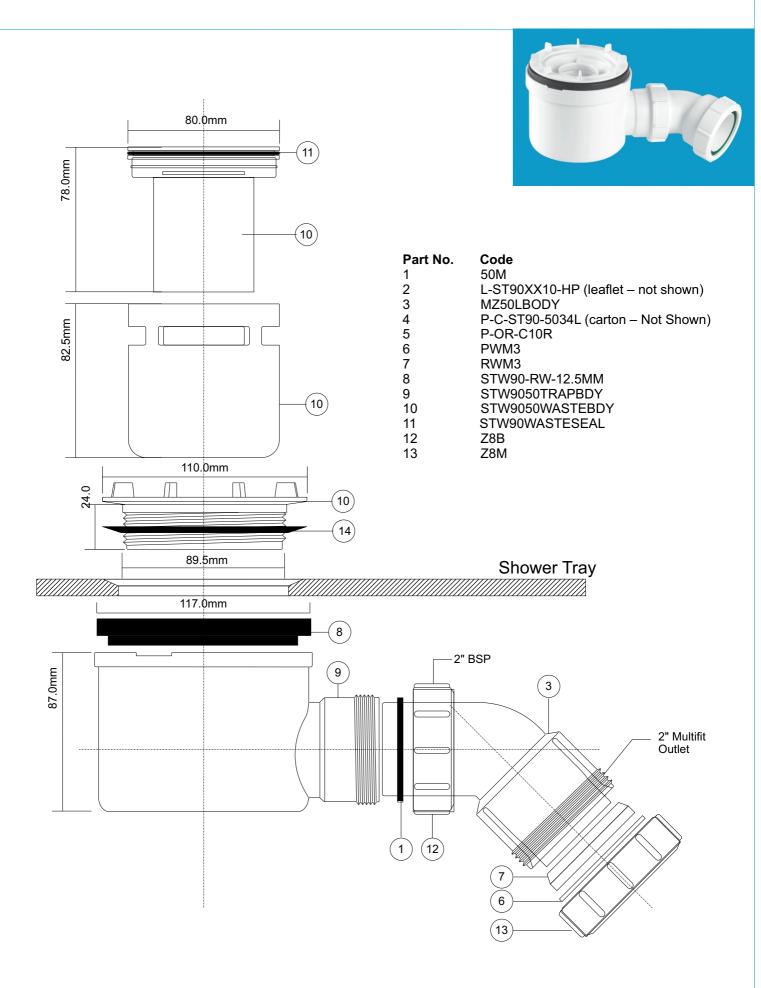
11. Apply a liberal coat of PVA adhesive to the complete area of the waste support. Position the OTL Former over the waste support, line up the former so there is an 8mm gap around the drain, secure the former to the waste support using countersunk wood screws, the head of the screws must be below the surface of the former and filled with P38 Epoxy Resin. Apply Resin Floor as per manufacturer's instructions



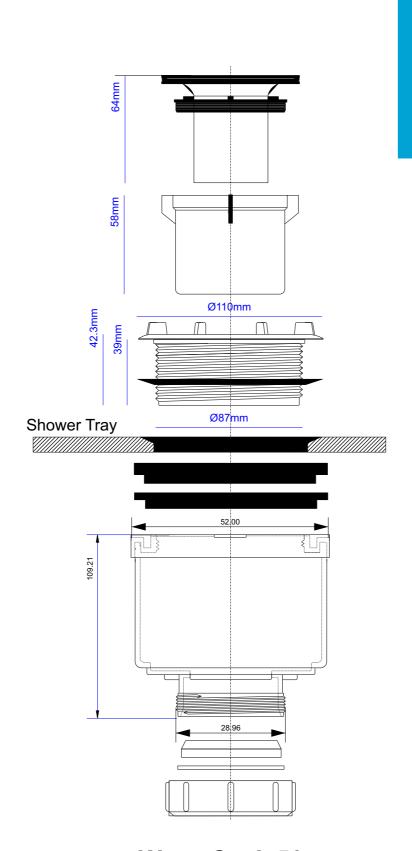
10. Apply the foil tape to the channel as Instruction No 5.



Ref: OTL ST90-HPB for Resin Floors



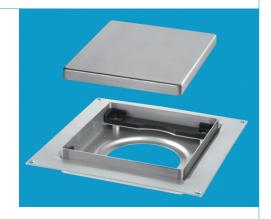
OTL ST90-VB for Resin Floors

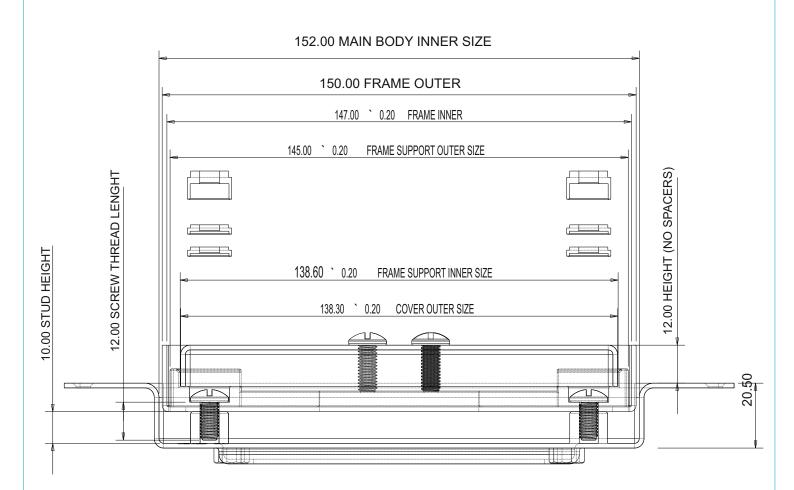


Water Seal: 50mm



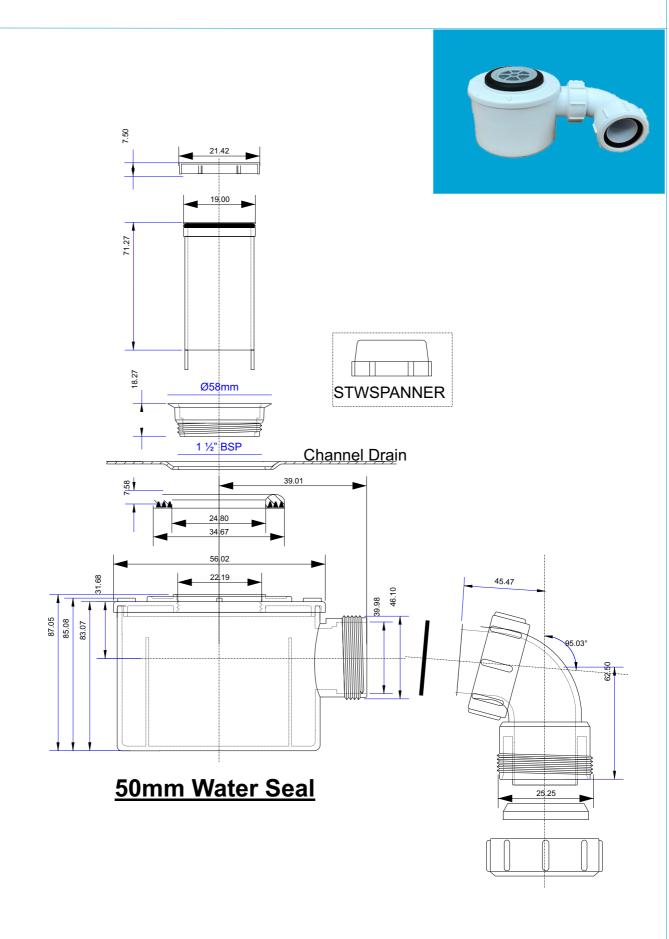
Ref: OTL Drain Assembly for Resin Floors





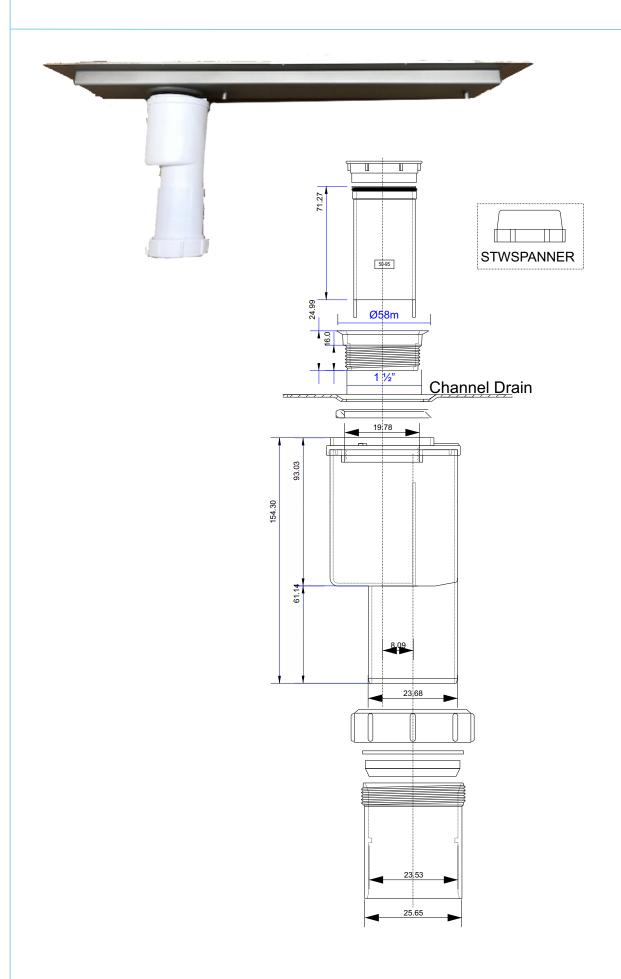


Ref: OTL CD-ST90-52

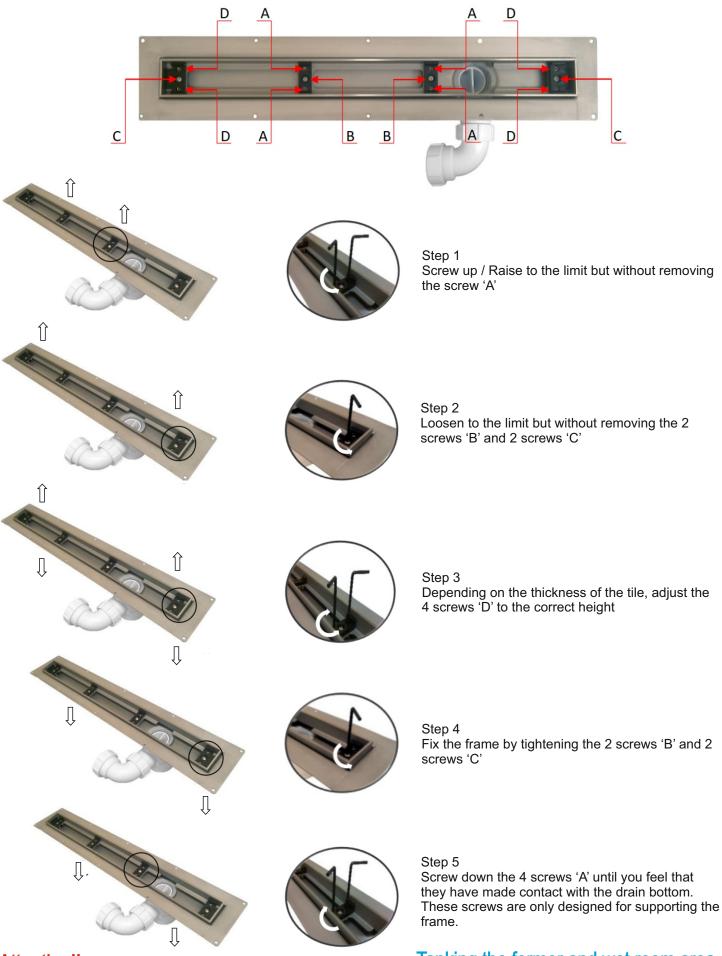




Ref: OTL STW4R-V



These Instructions refer to the Height Adjustment of the Tiling Frame for; OTL 700/800/900/1000/1200 CL

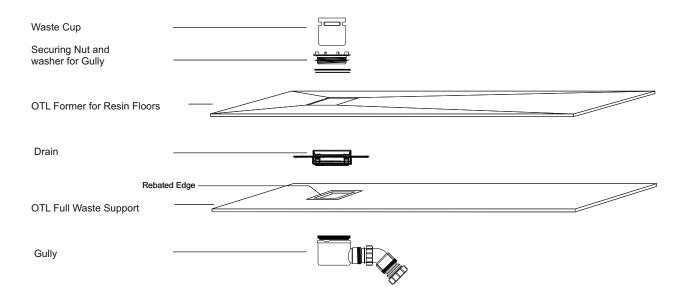


Attention!!

Over tightening of these screws may cause distortion of the frame and cover

Tanking the former and wet room area with the OTL 021 Linear Tanking System SEE NEXT PAGE

OTL RESIN FLOORING SYSTEM RESIN FLOOR COMPONENTS



OTL TILE SETS



OTL REPT-B (brushed finish)



OTL REPT-P (polished finish)

OTL RESIN GULLY



50mm water seal trap body with 2" multifit outlet.

Overall height with tile: 120 mm.

Floer rate: 50 l/min. (flow rate calculated under a constant 15mm head of water) OTL ST90-HPB

OTL VT90-VB VERTICAL OUTLET



Flow rate: 50 l/min. without reducer, 36 l/min. with 1% reducer.

SUPERSLIM V/O CHANNEL



SUPERSLIM H/O CHANNEL

